

Virtual Knots & Khovanov Homology

LK

1. Virtual Knots

Classical link knot theory
& extend it with a new
crossing \times (virtual crossing)

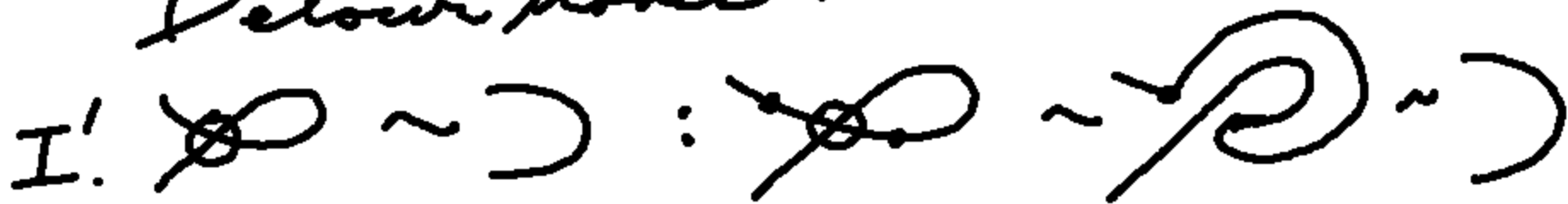
Diagram



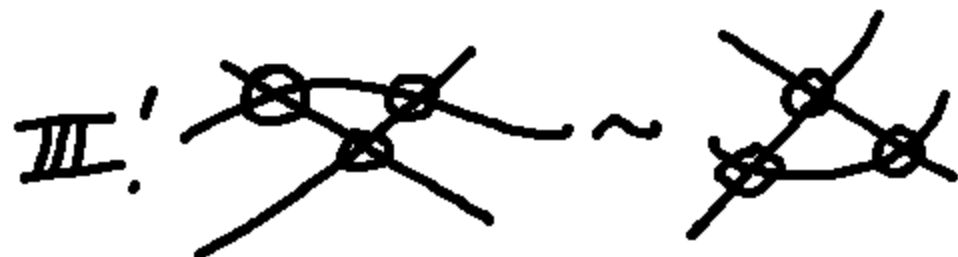
1. Reid Moves: 

2. Detour Move 

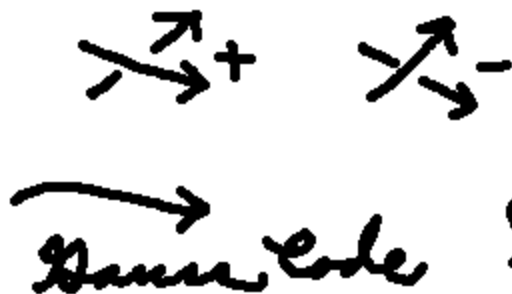
Small moves that generate
 Detour moves:



(part of Reid moves that we allow
 planar isotop)



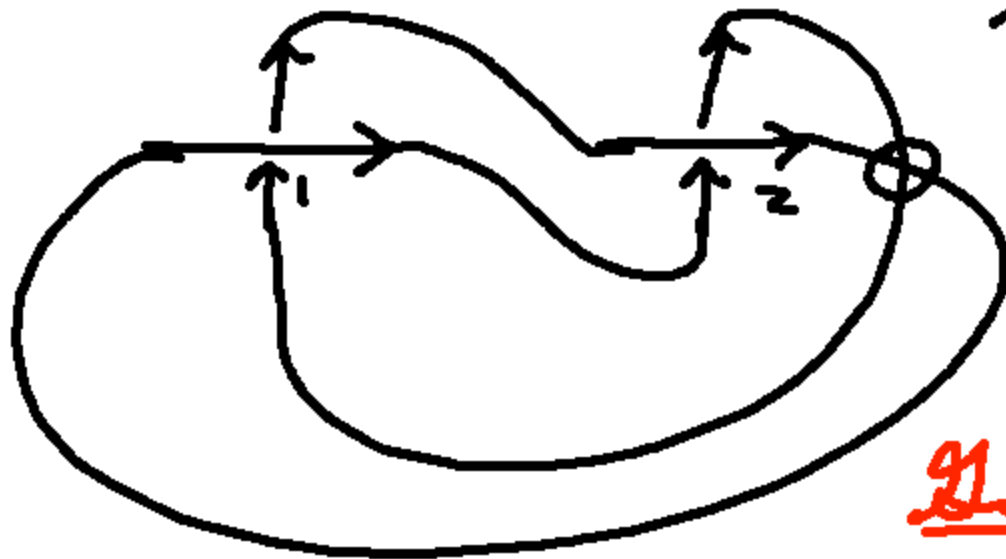
Can factorize
 any detour
 move into a
 composition
 of small moves.



$$\frac{\theta_1 + u_2 + u_1 + \theta_2 +}{}$$

no virtual crossing

$$VKT = \frac{(N \cdot E)}{RM}$$



Analogy

$$VKT / CKT \equiv \frac{\text{all Hyper}}{\text{Planar Hyper}}$$

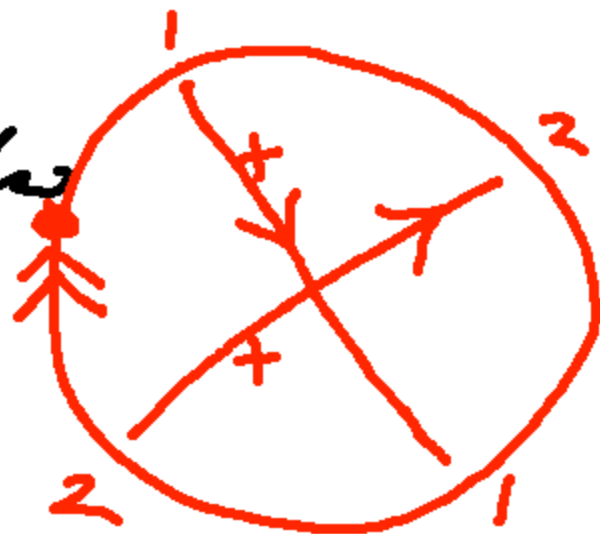
Span Diagram

Bare Span Code

1 2 1 2



1 and 2 are odd weights.





BGC: 1212

Both crossings are odd.

K Odd Writhe of $K = J(K)$

$$J(K) = \sum_{CG \text{ Odd crossings } (K)} \text{sgn}(c)$$

CG Odd crossings (K)

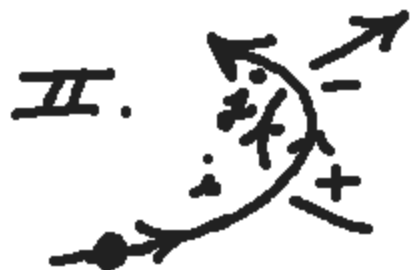
$$\text{sgn}(\overrightarrow{\downarrow}) = +1$$

$$\text{sgn}(\overrightarrow{\uparrow}) = -1$$

Claim: $J(K)$ is a VKT invariant.

I.  minimum even

III. Exercise!
=



\checkmark $|+1|$
 $\text{min } i, j \text{ or } i, j$
Claim: $i + j$ both odd or both even.

If both counted, then $+1 + (-1) = 0$

$K^* =$ reverse all crossings in K



$J(K) = 2$

$J(K^*) = -2$



$\Rightarrow K$ non-trivial & non-classical

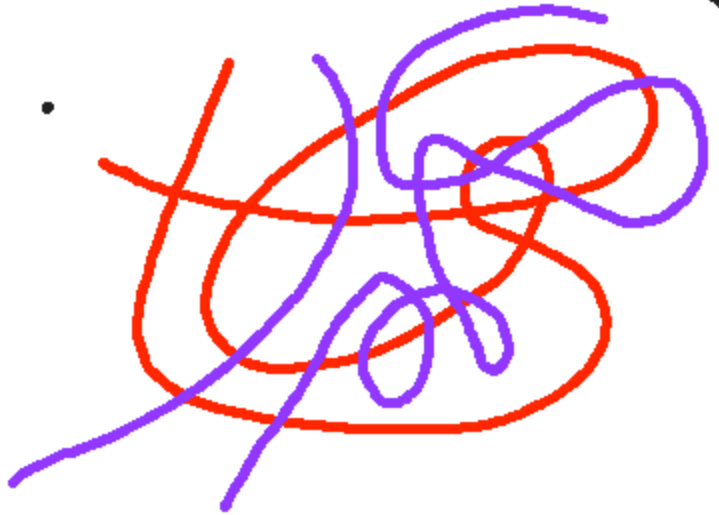
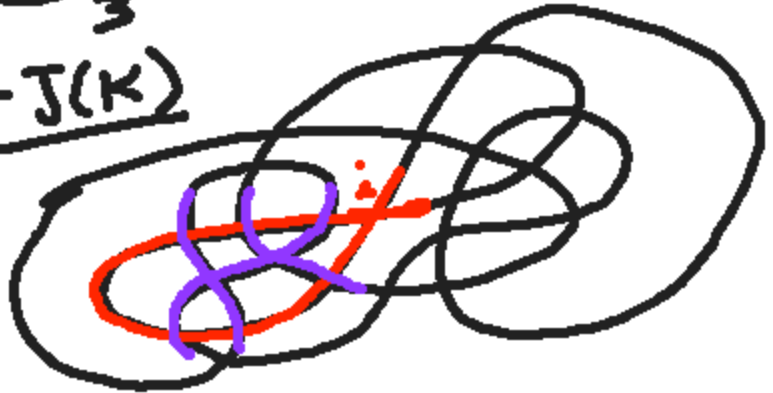
1. $J(K)$ invar of $\pm K$.

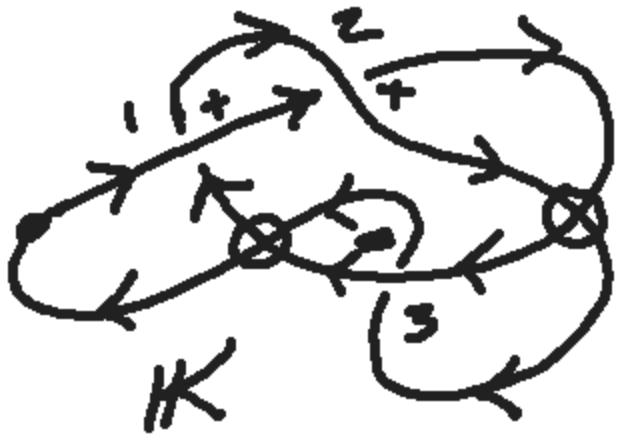
2. $J(K \text{ classical}) = 0$ because classical knot diagrams do not have any odd crossings



123123 .

3. $J(K^*) = -J(K)$



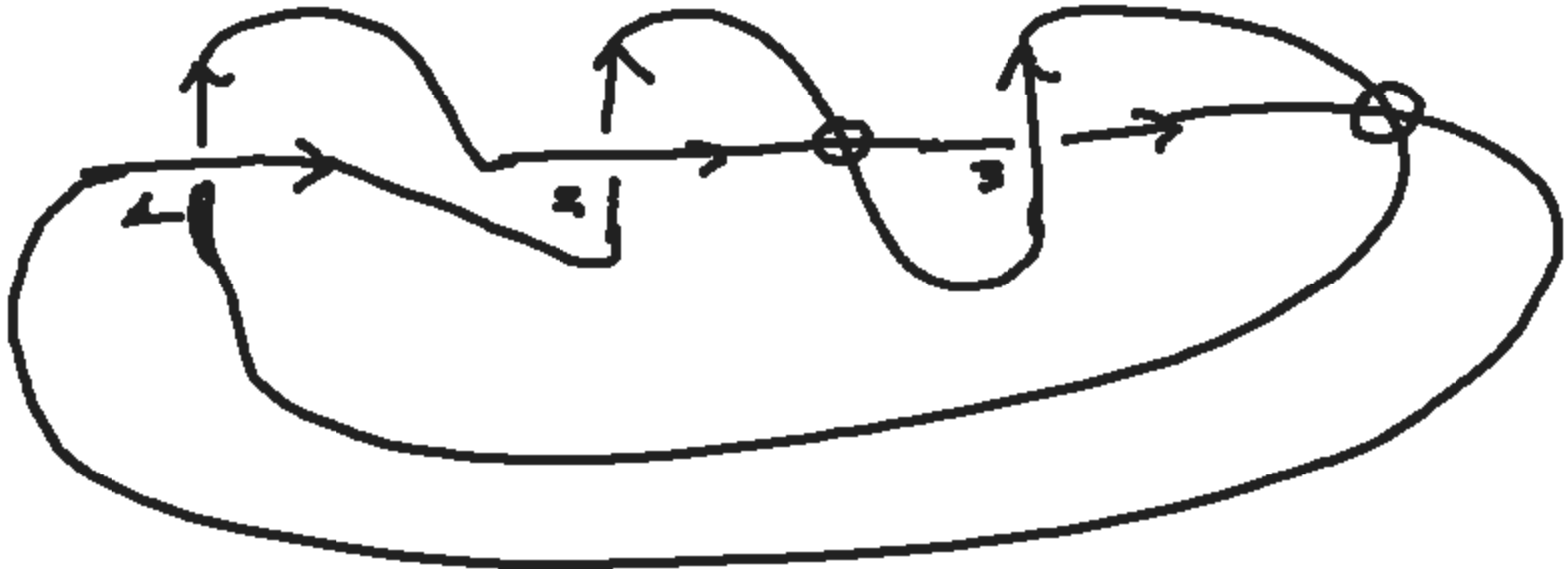


BG: 123123

all crossings even.

$J(K) = 0$

$\sigma_1 + u_2 + \sigma_3 - u_1 + \sigma_2 + u_3 -$



Knotoids (V. Turaev)

1212



knot diag with endpoints.

endpoint can be in diff regions.

Use RM^2 's + do not allow



1-1 tangle
Knot Type Knotoid

or

Can define $J(K)$ same way.



$$\underline{J(k) = z}$$


 $J(k) = 0$

So k is non-trivial
 $\neq k \neq k^*$



12.12





$$\underline{J(k) = z}$$

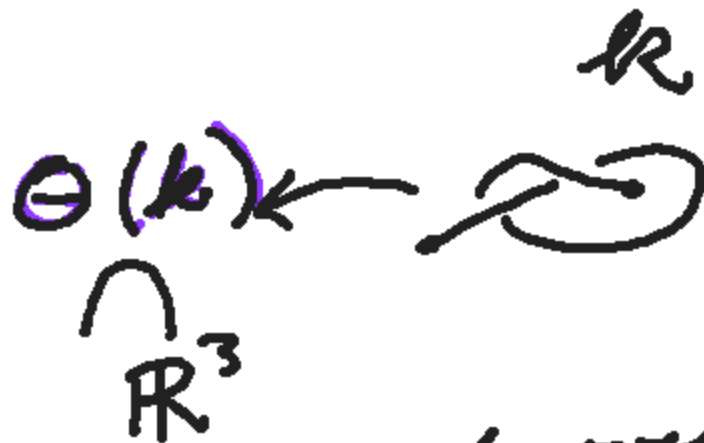
$$J(k) = 0$$

So k is non-trivial
 $\neq k \neq k^*$



12.12



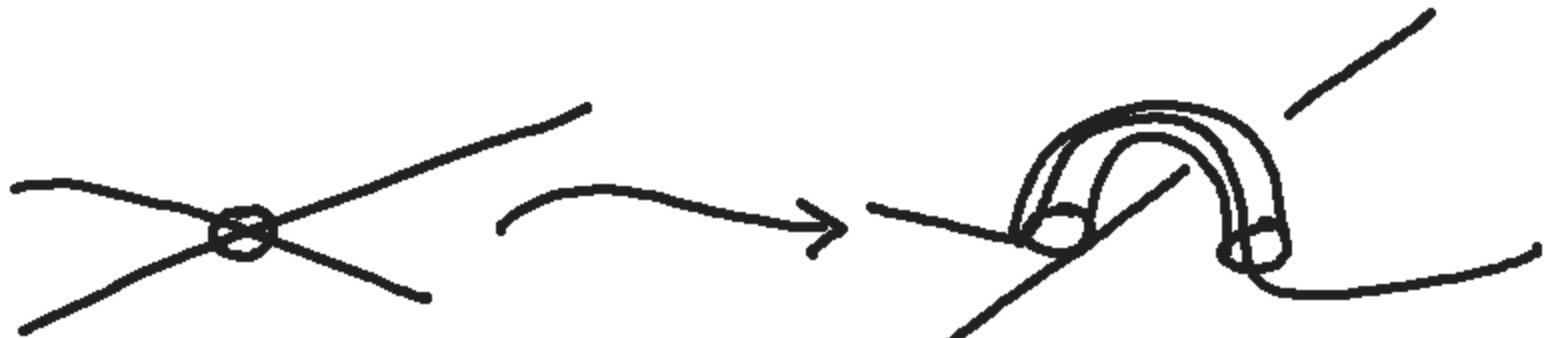


Turaev observed
that $\Theta(k)$ classifies k

We do have virtual
knots.



I do not know at this
time a generalization of the
 $\Theta(k)$!



K



$P_K C \text{ Surface} \times I$

$D:VK$

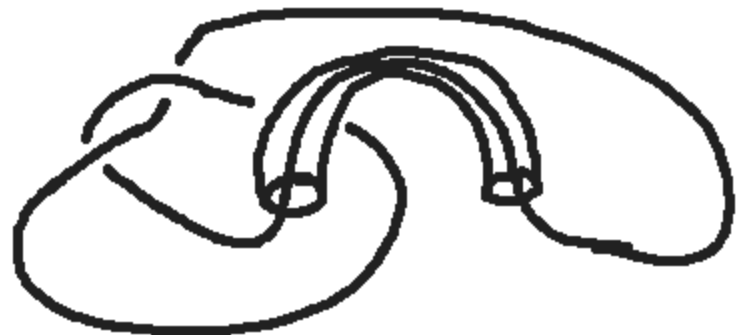


Diegson Surface

or K diagram in a surface.



K
diag
on S^2

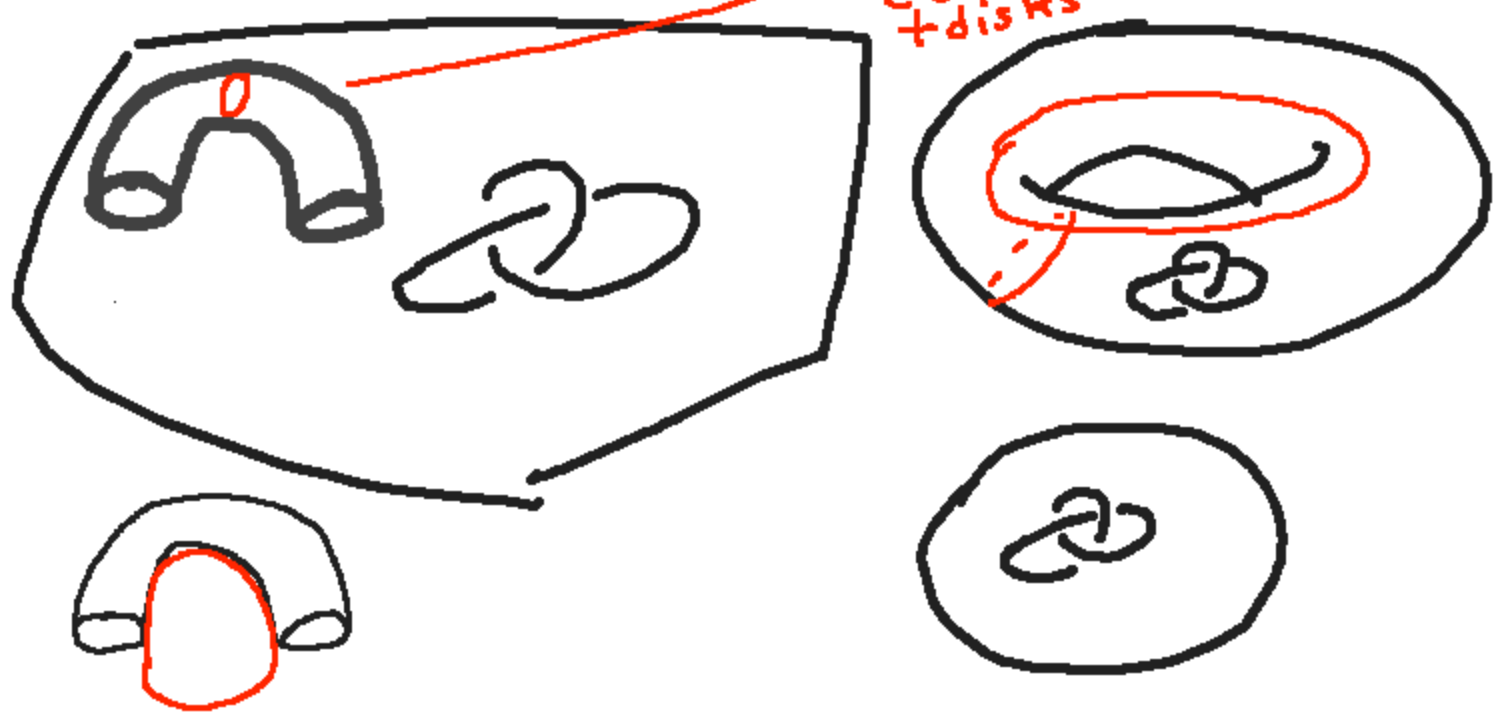
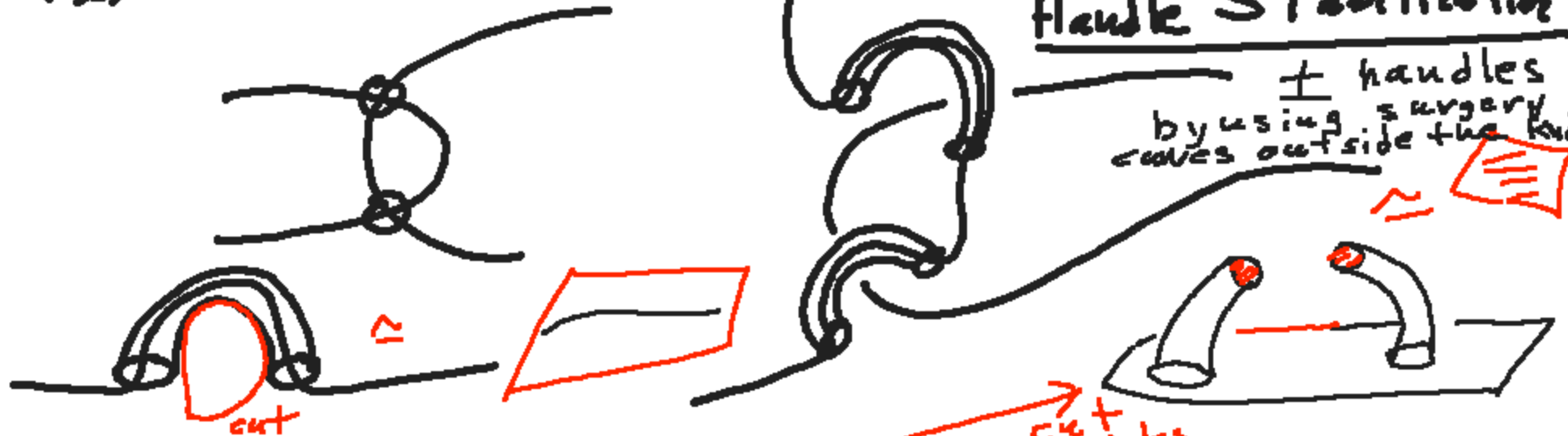


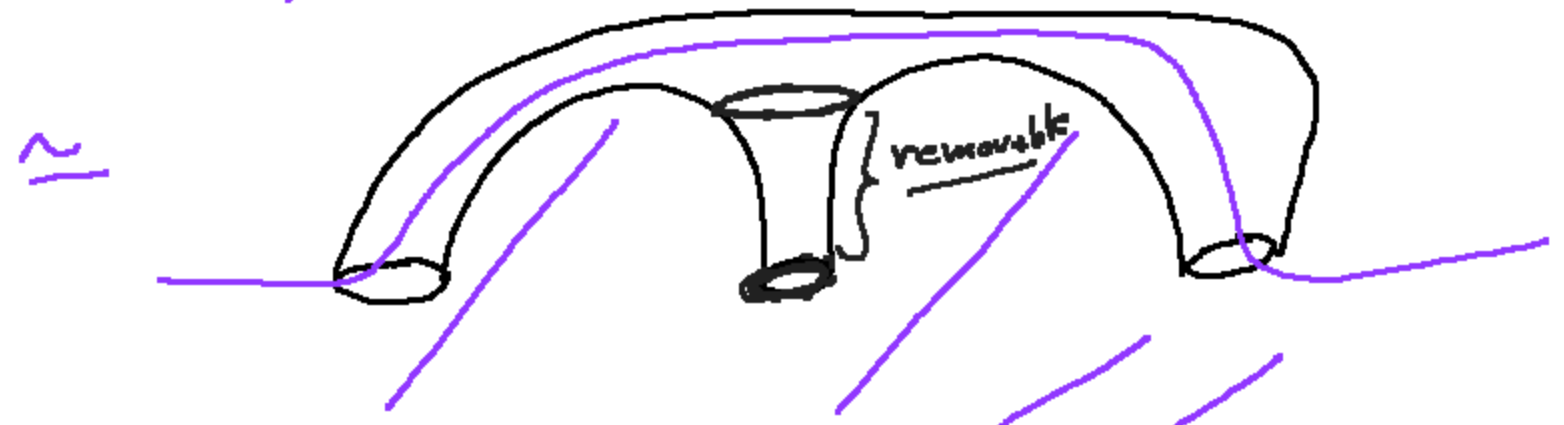
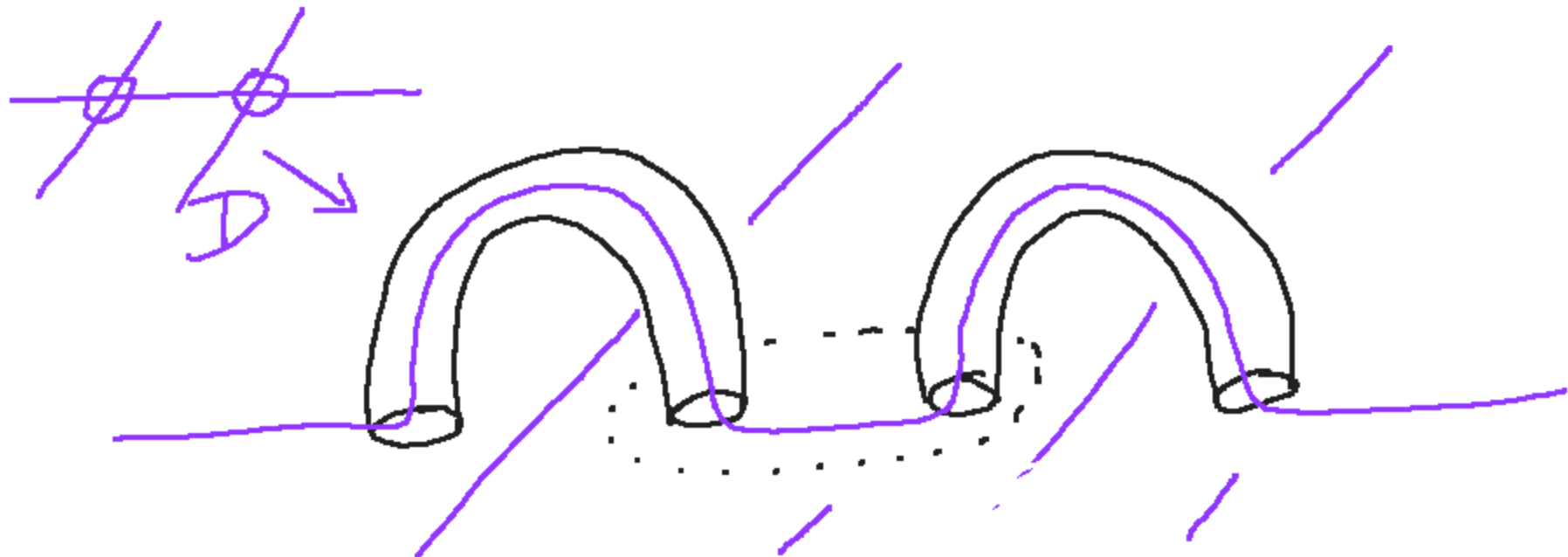
D_K diagram
on a torus.

Take the surface \rightarrow dress up to

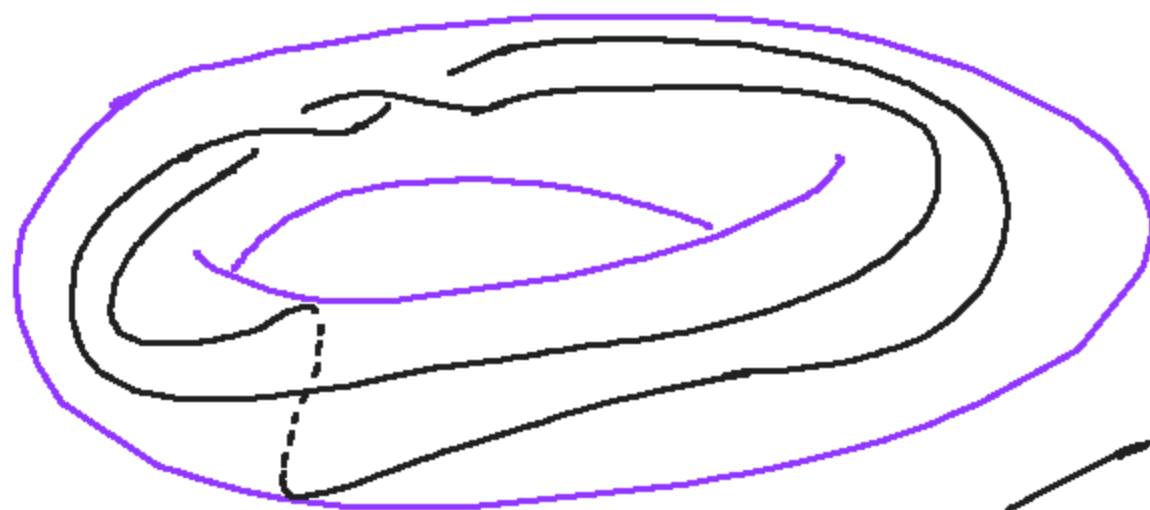
Handle Stabilization

\pm handles
by using surgery
curves outside the knot.





$D: VK \rightarrow SK$ (knots lie in surface)
van der Waerden
stabil.



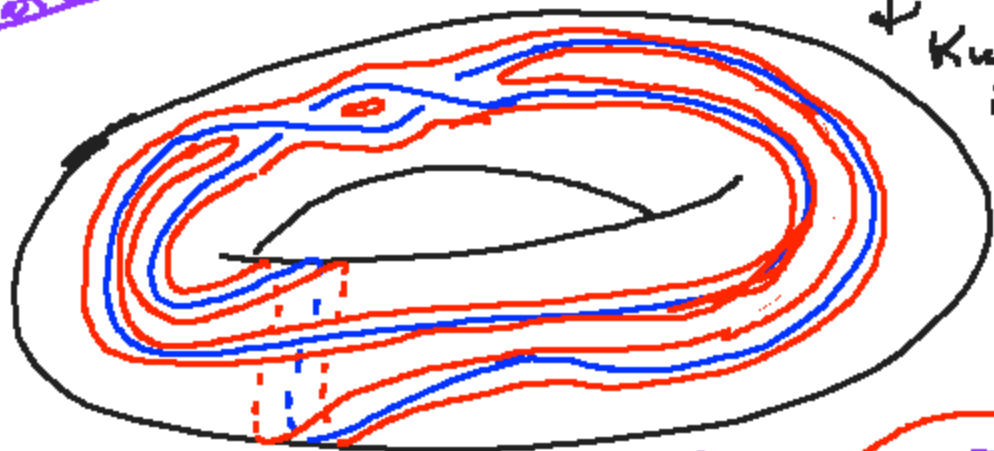
Claim \leftrightarrow

VKT \leftrightarrow (Knots in $S_g \times I$) / handle stabilization

good diagrammatic formulations

What about other 3-manifolds

Knots in them?



add disks to big circles

